POTTORFF

Application

The ECV-345 louver is engineered and tested to withstand extreme loads, debris impact, and cyclic fatigue associated with the severe weather effects of hurricanes. The design uses closely-spaced blades and a frame with built-in gutter and downspouts to achieve maximum water infiltration resistance for minimal louver depth. The ECV-345 is AMCA 540 and 550 listed, making it ideally suited for use in hurricane-prone and windborne debris regions as per the International Building Code.

Standard Construction

Material: Mill finish 6063 extruded aluminum.

- Frame: 3" deep \times 0.075" thick (84 \times 1.9) channel.
- Blades: 0.06" (1.5) thick vertical chevron style.

Mullion: Visible.

Sill Flashing: Closed end.

Minimum Size: 12" × 12" (305 × 305)

Maximum Size: Single section: 60" × 96" (1524 × 2438) Multiple section: Unlimited width × 96" (2438)

Shipping Weight (approximate): 6 lbs/ft² (26 kg/m²)

Installation Hardware: Standard continuous angles and associated fasteners (anchors to substrate by others - refer to installation instructions).

Options

□ Factory finish:

- □ High Performance Fluoropolymer 100% resin Newlar / 70% resin Kynar®
- Baked Enamel
- □ Clear or Color Anodized, Class 1 □ Prime Coat
- \square 1¹/₂" (38) flange frame.
- Alternate bird or insect screens.
- □ Insulated or non-insulated blank-off panels.
- Head flashing.

WATER

AIR

WIND

□ Filter racks.

Ratings

Free Area: [48" \times 48" (1219 \times 1219) unit]: 7.5 ft² (0.70 m²) 46.9%

Performance @ BeginningPoint of Water PenetrationFree Area Velocity:1250 fpm (6.35 m/s)Air Volume Delivered:9375 cfm (4.42 m³/s)Pressure Loss:0.19 in.wg. (47 Pa)

Velocity @ 0.15 in.wg. Pressure Loss: 1106 fpm (5.62 m/s)

AMCA 540 (impact resistant, basic protection, level D) listed.

AMCA 550 (high velocity rain resistant) listed.

Design Load: 100 psf (4.8k Pa)





Model ECV-345 (standard) *Louver dimensions furnished approximately 1/2" (13) undersize.

3/4" (19) approx

Caulk and Backer Rod (field-applied)

(standard)

Vertical Section [†]Screen adds approximately 3/16" (5) to louver depth.



Flange Frame (optional)

Certified Ratings:

Pottorff certifies that the model ECV-345 shown herein is approved to bear the AMCA Listing Label. The ratings shown are based on tests and procedures performed in accordance with AMCA publications and comply with the requirements of the AMCA Listing Label Program. The AMCA Listing Label applies to High Velocity Rain and Impact resistance.

Information is subject to change without notice or obligation.

Certified Ratings:



HIGH VELOCITY RAIN RESISTANT WITH BLADES FULLY OPEN AND IMPACT RESISTANT LOUVER Basic Protection Level D See www.AMCA.org for all certified or listed product.

Visible Vertical Mullion

This label does not signify AMCA airflow performance certification.

NOTE: Dimensions in parentheses () are millimeters.

Pottorff certifies that the model ECV-345 shown herein is licensed

to bear the AMCA seal. The ratings shown are based on test and

procedures performed in accordance with AMCA Publication 511

and comply with the requirements of the AMCA Certified Ratings

Program. The AMCA Certified Ratings seal applies to air

performance, water penetration and wind-driven rain ratings.

Free Area (ft²)

Pressure Loss

1.00

Pressure (in.wg.)

0.10

0.01

of AMCA Standard 500-L.

(Data corrected to standard air density)

NITAKE -

1,000

Free Area Velocity (fpm)

Pressure loss tested in accordance with Figure 5.5

Louver Test Size = 48" x 48" (1219 x 1219)

Height (Inches)

Width (Inches)

	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60
12	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.6
18	0.5	0.8	1.1	1.4	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.6	2.9
24	0.7	1.1	1.6	2.0	2.4	2.9	3.3	3.8	4.2
30	0.9	1.5	2.0	2.6	3.2	3.8	4.4	5.0	5.5
36	1.1	1.8	2.5	3.2	4.0	4.7	5.4	6.1	6.9
42	1.3	2.1	3.0	3.9	4.7	5.6	6.5	7.3	8.2
48	1.5	2.5	3.5	4.5	5.5	6.5	7.5	8.5	9.5
54	1.7	2.8	4.0	5.1	6.3	7.4	8.5	9.7	10.8
60	1.9	3.2	4.5	5.7	7.0	8.3	9.6	10.9	12.1
66	2.1	3.5	4.9	6.4	7.8	9.2	10.6	12.0	13.5
72	2.3	3.9	5.4	7.0	8.5	10.1	11.7	13.2	14.8
78	2.5	4.2	5.9	7.6	9.3	11.0	12.7	14.4	16.1
84	2.7	4.6	6.4	8.2	10.1	11.9	13.7	15.6	17.4
90	2.9	4.9	6.9	8.9	10.8	12.8	14.8	16.8	18.7
96	3.1	5.3	7.4	9.5	11.6	13.7	15.8	17.9	20.1

Water Penetration

Beginning Point of Water Penetration = 1250 fpm



Water Penetration

AMCA defines the beginning point of water penetration as the free area velocity at the intersection of a simple linear regression of test data and the line of 0.01 ounces of water per square foot of free area measured through a 48" \times 48" louver during a 15 minute period. The AMCA water penetration test provides a method for comparing louver models and designs as to their efficiency in resisting the penetration of rainfall under specific lab conditions. Pottorff recommends that intake louvers are selected with a reasonable margin of safety below the beginning point of water penetration in order to avoid unwanted penetration during severe storm conditions.

Selection Criteria

Follow the steps listed below to calculate the louver size needed to satisfy the required air volume while minimizing the adverse effects of water penetration and pressure loss.

- 1. Determine the Free Area Velocity (FAV) at the maximum allowable pressure loss using the *Pressure Loss* chart to the left. While job conditions vary, typically, the maximum allowable pressure loss should not exceed 0.15 in.wg., and the FAV for 0.15 in.wg. pressure loss is listed on the front page of this sheet.
- **2.** <u>Intake Applications</u> If the FAV at the Beginning Point of Water Penetration (shown below) is less than the FAV from step 1, then use the FAV at the Beginning Point of Water Penetration in step 3, otherwise use the FAV from step 1.

Exhaust Applications Use the FAV from step 1 in step 3.

3. Calculate the total louver square footage required using the following equation.

	cfm ÷		fpm =	ft ²
Required Air Volume		FAV	Required	Louver (Free-Area) Size in ft ²

4. Using the Free Area chart above, select a louver width and height that yields a free area ft² greater than or equal to the required louver size calculated in step 3.

Wind Driven Rain Performance — AMCA 500-L Wind Driven Rain Test

3 in/hr Rainfall & 29 mph Wind Speed				8 in/hr Rainfall & 50 mph Wind Speed				
Airflow	Core Velocity ¹	Effectiveness	Class ²	Airflow	Core Velocity ¹	Effectiveness	Class ²	
10616 cfm	986 fpm	100%	А	10594 cfm	984 fpm	100%	А	
Discharge Loss Coefficient Class ³ (Intake) = 2								

NOTES: 1. Core area is the open area of the louver face (face area less louver frame). Test louver core area is 39-3/8" x 39-3/8" (1000 x 1000).

2. Wind - Driven Rain Pe	netration Classes:	3. Discharge Loss Coeffi	Discharge loss coe	
Class	Effectiveness	Class	Coefficient	louver's actual airflo
А	99% and above	1	0.4 and above	unobstructed openin the resistance to airf
В	95% to 98.9%	2	0.3 to 0.399	
С	80% to 94.9%	3	0.2 to 0.299	
D	below 80%	4	below 0.2	

Discharge loss coefficient is calculated by dividing the buver's actual airflow rate by theoretical airflow rate for an inobstructed opening. The higher the coefficient, the lower he resistance to airflow.

Information is correct at time of printing. However, we reserve the right to make changes without notice.

10,000