POTTORFF®

Application

The EXA-645-MD is engineered and tested to withstand extreme loads, debris impact, and cyclic fatigue failure associated with the severe weather effects of hurricanes (Miami-Dade County approval #16-0824.04). When closed, the EXA-645-MD also protects against high-velocity wind-driven rain per AMCA 550. The design features stationary drainable louver blades to protect against water penetration and an integral airfoil blade control damper to allow positive shut-off of air intake and exhaust openings. The EXA-645-MD is available in a wide array of painted finishes including custom color matching, and may be ordered with a variety of factory-mounted electric or pneumatic actuators.

Standard Construction

Material: Mill finish extruded aluminum.

Frame: 6" deep \times 0.125" thick (152 \times 3) channel.

Blades:

Front: $37.5^{\circ} \times 0.081''$ (2) thick drainable style. Back: $45^{\circ} \times 0.162''$ (4) thick operable airfoil style.

Screen: 1/2" \times 0.063" (12.7 \times 1.6) expanded and flattened

aluminum.

Axles: 1/2" (12.7) diameter plated steel hex.

Linkage: Concealed in frame.

Low Leakage Seals: TPV blade edge and flexible metal jamb.

Bearings: Synthetic. **Mullion:** Visible.

Minimum Size: $12" \times 12" (305 \times 305)$

Maximum Size: Single section:

60" × 120" (1524 × 3048)

Multiple section: Unlimited width × 120" height

Options

- ☐ Factory finish:
 - \Box High Performance Fluoropolymer 100% resin Newlar*/

70% resin Kynar®

- ☐ Baked Enamel/Polyester
- ☐ Prime Coat
- ☐ Flange Frame:
 - ☐ 1¹/₂" (38) flange
- ☐ Alternate bird or insect screens.
- ☐ Filter racks
- ☐ Head and/or sill flashing.
- ☐ Factory mounted electric or pneumatic actuator.
- ☐ Sleeve (galvanized steel):
 - □ 20-GA □ 16-GA

Ratings

Free Area: [48" \times 48" (1219 \times 1219) unit]: 7.7 ft² (0.72 m²)

Leakage: Class 2 (10 cfm/sq.ft. @ 1 in. wg.) (50.8 L/s/m² @ 0.2 kPa) Air Leakage is not AMCA certified

Performance @ Beginning Point of Water Penetration

 Free Area Velocity:
 1,076 fpm (5.46 m/s)

 Air Volume Delivered:
 8,281 cfm (3.91 m³/s)

 Pressure Loss:
 0.12 in.wg. (31 Pa)

Velocity @ 0.15 in.wg. Pressure Loss: 1,184 fpm (6.02 m/s)
Operating Temperature Range: -20°F to +180°F (-7°C to +82°C)

AMCA 540 (impact resistance) listed.

AMCA 550 (high velocity rain resistant) listed.

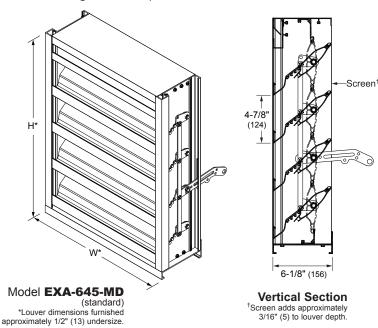
Miami Dade County: NOA No. 16-0824.04 (Expires 10/20/2021)

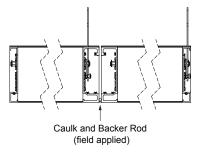
Approved to FBC TAS201-94, TAS202-94

and TAS203-94.

Florida Building Code Approval (2017-FBC): No. FL21051

Design Load: 120 psf





1-1/2" (38)

Vertical Mullion (standard)

(Staridar

HIGH VELOCITY
RAIN RESISTANT
AND IMPACT RESISTANT
LOUVER
Basic Protection
See www.AMCA org for all certified or listed prod

See www.AMCA.org for all certified or listed products
This label does not signify AMCA airflow performance certification.



Certified Ratings:

Pottorff certifies that the model EXA-645-MD shown herein is approved to bear the AMCA Listing Label. The ratings shown are based on tests and procedures performed in accordance with AMCA publications and comply with the requirements of the AMCA Listing Label Program. The AMCA Listing Label applies to Wind Borne Debris Impact Resistant Louvers and High Velocity Rain Resistant Louvers.

NOTE: Dimensions in parentheses () are millimeters.



Certified Ratings:

Pottorff certifies that the model EXA-645-MD shown herein is licensed to bear the AMCA seal. The ratings shown are based on tests and procedures performed in accordance with AMCA Publication 511 and comply with the requirements of the AMCA Certified Ratings Program. The AMCA Certified Ratings seal applies to air performance and water penetration ratings.

Information is subject to change without notice or obligation.

Width (Inches)

		12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60
Ī	12	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7
	18	0.5	0.8	1.0	1.3	1.6	1.9	2.2	2.5	2.8
ſ	24	0.7	1.1	1.6	2.0	2.4	2.8	3.3	3.7	4.1
	30	0.9	1.4	2.0	2.5	3.1	3.6	4.1	4.7	5.2
ſ	36	1.1	1.7	2.4	3.1	3.7	4.4	5.0	5.7	6.3
	42	1.4	2.3	3.2	4.0	4.9	5.7	6.6	7.5	8.3
ſ	48	1.7	2.7	3.7	4.7	5.7	6.7	7.7	8.7	9.7
ſ	54	1.9	3.0	4.1	5.2	6.3	7.5	8.6	9.7	10.8
	60	2.1	3.3	4.5	5.8	7.0	8.2	9.5	10.7	12.0
	66	2.4	3.8	5.3	6.7	8.2	9.6	11.1	12.5	13.9
	72	2.6	4.2	5.8	7.4	8.9	10.5	12.1	13.7	15.3
	78	2.8	4.5	6.2	7.9	9.6	11.3	13.0	14.7	16.4
ſ	84	3.0	4.8	6.6	8.5	10.3	12.1	13.9	15.7	17.6
	90	3.2	5.1	7.1	9.0	10.9	12.9	14.8	16.7	18.7
	96	3.6	5.7	7.8	10.0	12.1	14.3	16.4	18.6	20.7
	102	3.8	6.1	8.3	10.6	12.9	15.2	17.5	19.8	22.0
	108	4.0	6.4	8.8	11.2	13.6	16.0	18.4	20.8	23.2
	114	4.2	6.7	9.2	11.7	14.2	16.7	19.3	21.8	24.3
	120	4.5	7.2	9.9	12.7	15.4	18.1	20.8	23.6	26.3

Selection Criteria

Follow the steps listed below to calculate the louver size needed to satisfy the required air volume while minimizing the adverse effects of water penetration and pressure loss

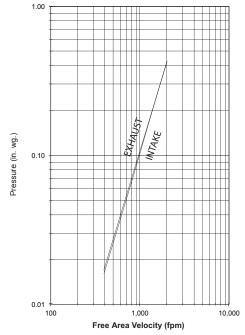
- 1. Determine the Free Area Velocity (FAV) at the maximum allowable pressure loss using the Pressure Loss chart to the left. While job conditions vary, typically, the maximum allowable pressure loss should not exceed 0.15 in.wg., and the FAV for 0.15 in.wg. pressure loss is listed on the front page of this sheet.
- 2. Intake Applications If the FAV at the Beginning Point of Water Penetration (shown below) is less than the FAV from step 1, then use the FAV at the Beginning Point of Water Penetration in step 3, otherwise use the FAV from step

Exhaust Applications Use the FAV from step 1 in step 3.

3. Calculate the total louver square footage required using the following equation.

4. Using the Free Area chart left, select a louver width and height that yields a free area ft² greater than or equal to the required louver size from step 3.

Pressure Loss



Pressure loss tested in accordance with Figure 5.5 of AMCA Standard 500-L.

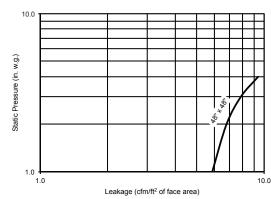
Data corrected to standard air density.

Water Penetration

AMCA defines the beginning point of water penetration as the free area velocity at the intersection of a simple linear regression of test data and the line of 0.01 ounces of water per square foot of free area measured through a 48" × 48" louver during a 15 minute period. The AMCA water penetration test provides a method for comparing louver models and designs as to their efficiency in resisting the penetration of rainfall under specific lab conditions. Pottorff recommends that intake louvers are selected with a reasonable margin of safety below the beginning point of water penetration in order to avoid unwanted penetration during severe storm conditions.

POTTORFF® 5101 Blue Mound Road, Fort Worth, Texas 76106

Air Leakage



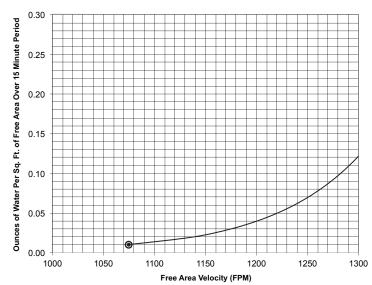
Data corrected to standard air density. Air Leakage is not AMCA certified.

NOTES:

- 1. Leakage testing in accordance with Figure 5.4, 5.5 and 6.6A of AMCA Standard 500-L.
- 2. Data are based on the maximum torque of 2.8 in lb/sq. ft. (3.5 N-m/sq. m) applied to the louver during the test.
- 3. Air leakage is based on operation between 50°F - 104°F (10°C - 40°C).

Water Penetration

Beginning Point of Water Penetration = 1076 fpm



NOTE: Dimensions in parentheses () are millimeters.